MOU OUGHT TO BE LEFT ALONE

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. President, I have read and would like to call the Senate's attention to an article written by the distinguished Senator Edward V. Long, of chipped away. If something is not done to Missouri, which appeared in the May issue of Esquire. It is entitled "You Quight To Be Left Alone."

The real problem here is one of chipping away. Our right to privacy (which, admittedly, is hard to define) is being rapidly tinguished Senator Edward II something is not done to reverse the process, soon it will be gone. Once the process of reestablishing it are minimal. sue of Esquire. It is entitled "You Ought To Be Left Alone."

Task unanimous consent that the article be printed in the RECORD at this point.

There being no objection, the article was ordered to be printed in the RECORD,

as follows:
You OUGHT TO BE LEFT ALONE (By Senator Edward V. Long)

This is not an article about Brigitte Bardot, but rather about big brother. To my knowl-edge, no one ever tried seriously to curb Miss Bardot. It is certainly not a matter of great consequence, and most of us would want no part in such curbing activity. Big brother is a horse of an entirely different color. He should be curbed, but unfortunately very

should be curbed, but unfortunately very little effort is being made in that direction. As most of you will recall, big brother was the "villain" in George Orweil's important book "1984," which was published in 1949. Big brother was the head of the government and the single political party that Orweil visualized in his prognostication for the year 1984. Big brother and his minions were omnipotent, omniscient, and omnipresent. By means of closed-circuit TV in every home and office, B.B. could keep a watch on everyand office, B.B. could keep a watch on every-thing every citizen said and did, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Nonconformist citizens were scrutinized with a view to particular, vengeance.

When Orwell wrote his book, inexpensive and miniaturized closed-circuit TV was way out. It is not way out today. It is here, it is relatively cheap, and it is getting smaller every day. And, again unfortunately, it is available to anyone with the money to buy tt. This latter point is something that even orwell did not contemplate. In his conception, it was a single, central, bureaucratic, authoritarian government that did the spying and others were denied access to the spying gear. Today, however, we are permitting a proliferation of the devices to be manufac-

Spying is by no means new. It is something that man has had to endure since time immemorial. But until a very few years ago spies did not have the electronic gadgets to make snooping so easy, so com-plete, and so safe. Take as an example (from literally hundreds that could be cited) the literally hundreds that could be cited) the bugging of an office by means of a 110-volt transmitter. The system consists of a transmitter which is attached to the regular 110-volt power system in the building. The transmitter is dropped down in the wall behind any electrical outlet; the screw that holds the wall plate to the outlet contains the microphone. Instead of transmitting through the air, the transmitter sends its signal back through the whole 110-volt system, which, incidentally, also provides all the power for the device * * * no batteries are necessary and it will operate almost forare necessary and it will operate almost for-ever, or until discovered (which may well be the same thing).

Is it easy to install? Yes. Only a minute

or two is required.

Is it complete? Yes. It will overhear every sound made in the room.

Is it safe? Yes. The sound signal can be picked up by plugging a compatible receiver into any other electrical outlet in the building. Hence, the "listening post" is portable

and flexible.

Is it difficult to detect? Yes. No signal goes either through the air or the telephone system, the mediums most frequently checked.

Is it inexpensive? Yes. Very. It is cheap

to buy, cheap to operate (no batteries), cheap to monitor.

The real problem here is one of chipping

One of the main objectives of the hearings before my Subcommittee on Administrative Practice and Procedure is to try to ascertain who the hig users of snooping gear are and what Justification, if any, can be found for

Although we cannot prove it (and won't even try), one of the very big users of wiretap and other electronic eavesdropping is the so-called security community (i.e., Central Intelligence Agency, Military Intelligence, National Socurity Agency, and, to some exent, the Federal Bureau of Investigation). t should be observed, however, that attempts are being made to place many nonsecurity situations under the "security umbrella."